

POPE LINGERS BUT NO HOPE FOR HIS RECOVERY REMAINS

Doctors' Consultation Creates General Alarm

HOPE GIVES WAY TO FEAR

Death of His Holiness a Mere Matter of Hours

TO ELECT A SUCCESSOR

Already the Machinery Is in Motion for That Purpose

Rome, July 10-4 a. m.—The injections given first by Dr. Mazzoni and then by Dr. Lapponi have had in part the desired effect, as the pope has succeeded in getting some sleep, although his slumber was not entirely tranquil. The patient's diet has been somewhat lightened since the attack of diarrhoea yesterday and is now limited mainly to meat broth and beef tea.

Rome, July 10-2 a. m.—Another day of alternate hopes and fears passed, and Pope Leo's life still hangs in the balance. Beginning with renewed hopes, the day closed with the scales tipping slowly but surely downward. How long this agonizing period of suspense will last not even the attending doctors dare to say.

No night bulletin was issued, but at 11:15 this morning it was learned from Dr. Mazzoni that the condition of the pontiff had not changed since the issue of the evening bulletin at 7:30 o'clock, which announced that the patient's state was very grave and at which hour Dr. Lapponi had declared his fear that there was no hope, but that the end might not come during this night.

At midnight a report from the Vatican itself gained currency that Dr. Mazzoni had again operated upon the pope and extracted serum, which had again gathered in the pleural cavity. The representative of the Associated Press immediately went to the illustrious surgeon and found him at his home at 10:30 this morning. Although extremely tired, Dr. Mazzoni allowed himself to be interviewed and said:

"It is untrue that a new operation has been performed. It was with the pope from 11 p. m. until after midnight and found his general condition stationary, no change having taken place since this afternoon, when the consultation with Dr. Fossati was held. To strengthen the patient's heart and help the circulation of the blood, I injected camphor and caffeine, after which the pope, who seemed somewhat relieved, said he remembered being treated with rasputi water on a camphor basis when he was nuncio at Brussels, sixty years ago."

DR. MAZZONI EXPLAINS.

In reply to a question, Dr. Mazzoni replied:

"I really cannot say whether the serum in the pleural cavity has increased since the consultation this evening, as I did not examine his holiness for such a purpose. It must be understood that the pope is too frail to be handled like other people. Besides, his thorax, through old age, has become bent in such a way that the right side, where pneumonia was first detected, curves out in a very pronounced manner, while the left side curves in. In tomorrow's visit attention will be specially centered on the progress of the secretion of serum. Then a decision will be taken as to whether a new operation is necessary."

Dr. Mazzoni ended by ridiculing the criticisms, objections and advice which he said people, most of whom are famous only for never having heard of, allow themselves to advise, even from abroad, many of these persons having seen the pope only in photographs.

"The greatest accusation is that pneumonia was not discovered in time," he said. "I visited the pope for the first time on Sunday. On Monday evening I discovered the fluid and on Tuesday removed it. Any student of medicine knows," continued Dr. Mazzoni, "that sometimes weeks pass before the presence of serum is detected. I myself once had pneumonia which the doctor only discovered fifteen days after I was taken ill."

HOPES WERE AROUSED.

The condition of Pope Leo at times yesterday seemed so favorable that the hopeful Dr. Mazzoni and the more conservative Lapponi united in expressing the belief that there were some slight hopes of recovery, but within a few hours these brighter prospects disappeared before the alarming conclusions reached after a lengthy consultation of the doctors. The earlier hopes had been inspired largely by the pontiff's outward evidence of vigor, as he was able to rise, walk and command all his faculties, but the later consultation disclosed that these outward evidences of strength were entirely deceptive, as the real danger consisted in the gradual internal progress of the disease.

The mere fact of the consultation, in itself, gave rise to the gloomiest forebodings. Indeed, this was the first actual consultation, as the previous frequent meetings of the doctors were not regarded as formal consultations. Today, however, Dr. Rosmini, the distinguished specialist of the Baselli school, was called to consult a consultation lasting two hours. During which every phase of the patient's case was minutely gone over. The conclusions announced in the 7:30 o'clock bulletin showed that fluid is again gathering in the pleural cavity, and that the pope's general condition is very grave.

CASE IS EXTREMELY GRAVE.

Following the issuance of this bulletin the doctors freely expressed their personal convictions regarding the extreme gravity of the case. Dr. Lapponi said, without qualification, that the patient's condition was beyond hope. He did not expect a final collapse tonight, but rather a gradual sinking until the end came. How long the suffering may last, the doctors

will not venture any prediction. Ordinary calculations, they say, fail to apply to this extraordinary case. One of them remarked today:

"Here is a man almost a hundred years old retaining all his mental and most of his physical faculties and bravely combatting the approach of death. Although the conditions change from hour to hour, the essential conditions of mental alertness and physical vigor continue unbroken. Never yet has there been the slightest lapse into incoherence."

TO ELECT A SUCCESSOR.

Whatever may be the outcome, the Vatican world has fully made up its mind that the demise of the pope is only a question of days at the most, and probably only of hours. With this being the prevalent view, every detail for conducting the affairs of the church during the interregnum and for carrying out the election of Pope Leo's successor, is systematically arranged. Following advice from the Vatican, the cardinals throughout the world are hurrying Rome, anticipating the holding of a conclave for the choice of a pope. These preparations are undertaken in a spirit of profound grief and as the performance of a sacred duty.

Throughout today the court of the Vatican leading to the pope's apartments has been thronged with distinguished visitors seeking information as to the pope's condition. Practically the entire diplomatic corps accredited to the Vatican was among the inquirers, and many cardinals were also among the groups. The popular solicitude for the pope's condition has led to an amelioration of the rigid rules closing the entrances. High and low came to ask about the pope's condition, and were equally admitted to the interior court, where the pontiff lies, and the doctors were conspicuously exhibited.

One of the most remarkable features of the sick room is the absolute simplicity and the entire absence of the usual elaborate equipments found in the sick rooms of distinguished patients. There are no trained nurses, the only attendants, aside the doctors being the pope's valets, the doctor and the doctor's assistants. The doctors are without a corps of assistants, and there are none of the modern appliances for refrigeration and other means of ameliorating the condition of patients.

SUDDEN RELEASE.

7:45 a. m.—The news of the sudden release of the pope, the consultation of physicians and the alarming bulletin which followed was a thunderbolt in what had already become, in the public mind, an unclouded sky. The idea now prevails that this brings to a definite end all of the bright hopes which were cherished this morning.

Prof. Rosmini went through the most exact examination of the illustrious patient, employing again what is known as the Baselli system. The consultation lasted over two hours. The patient, as one feature of the investigation, was made to pronounce the Italian word "Thirty-three" (trentatré), which in a case where is indicated the presence of a badly acting heart, a vitiated circulation and serum in the pleura, to any one listening at the patient's side presents a sound as if the consonants in the word "thirty-three" had been dropped. The experiment unfortunately proved not only the presence of fluid in the pleura, but its rapid augmentation, so that it already afflicted the patient with the same disturbances that were observed on last Tuesday. Necessity for another operation is indicated.

A state of great prostration has ensued, rendering the affliction of the kidneys. It is likely that an injection of salt water into the veins will be resorted to. The diarrhoea which appeared this afternoon and occasioned the consultation has now ceased.

POPE REALIZES THE SITUATION.

That the pope fully realizes that his end cannot long be deferred is shown by the attention he has given during the last few days to the details of his final resting place. It is well known that he has discussed his testamentary dispositions and expressed his wishes as to the place and manner of his funeral. Shortly before he was taken ill the pontiff repeated to Cardinal Satolli his desire to be buried in the church of St. John Lateran. The spot he designated is on the left of the opposite niche in which is the monument erected by himself in 1890 to Pope Innocent III. It is said a statue of Pope Leo forming part of the monument has already been made. In other respects the tomb will resemble that of Innocent III, covered by a sarcophagus with a base of two niches, two statues and two medallions. If there are real martyrs at the Vatican they are Professor Lapponi and Mazzoni who are undated with letters and telegrams from the four quarters of the earth imploring them to save their illustrious patient, who is so unknown to the church and the world.

Unknown names rub elbows with those of world-wide celebrities, some of these asking for telegraphic news two or three times a day. A private secretary and a large fortune would be required to answer them all, which the eminent professors certainly have no intention of doing. It does not even and there, for admirers and worshippers of Pope Leo are sending untold millions which they say if only employed are sure to save the pontiff's life. An American has sent what he describes as an extraordinary nutritive liquid which would restore the dying to health. A South American has sent a hemorrhoidal ointment in a very rich flask. Beside these there are prescriptions from druggists and offers already to embalm the pontiff. Others offer to make a death mask; some want to paint a picture of Pope Leo and one writer even offers to impart the secret of petrifying the body into an everlasting statue to be offered to the pope's nephews.

A new phase of the historic strife between the noble families of Colonna and Orsini has been developed by the illness of the pope. Hoping to reconcile this ancient family hostility it has been the practice to designate the head of each house as a prince assistant to the pontiff. These two positions being the highest lay honors in the gift of the pope. In the case of the coronation of a new pontiff the two princes stand on either side of his holiness. The head of the Colonna family, Don Marco Antonio Colonna, was among the visitors at the Vatican today, but the Orsini family is temporarily unrepresented in this high dignity. Don Filippo Orsini having re-

signed in favor of the son, Don Dominico, prince of Solfero, and the latter's nomination not having yet been confirmed by Pope Leo. The Orsini are thus without representation, and this circumstance constitutes an interesting historical curiosity.

VILLAGE WHERE POPE WAS BORN

A deputation arrived at the Vatican today from Carpineto, the birth place of Pope Leo, the news of the pope's alarming condition having penetrated even to that obscure place. Carpineto is a little town among the Volscian hills, with streets so narrow that two donkeys cannot pass each other, and an hour distant from any railway, but with a water supply and electric lights, the former the gift of Pope Leo himself. The village itself nourishes a species of worship for Leo. The deputation penetrated as far as the antechamber of the sick pope, who immediately said he would receive him, but for once gave way to the appeals of those around him and sent instead his kindest wishes and benediction.

PRAY FOR A MIRACLE.

The Neapolitans are showing great emotion over the approaching end of Pope Leo, praying in the churches and doing all that religion prescribes in appealing to the Almighty to delay the catastrophe. Cardinal Prince telegraphs to the pope, saying he would receive him, but for once gave way to the appeals of those around him and sent instead his kindest wishes and benediction.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

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Portsmouth, Ohio, July 9.—The 30 employees of the Lackawanna Iron and Steel company, struck today in sympathy with the eastern employees of the firm.

Chicago, July 9.—The Kohlhaas waiters strike was settled again today. The question of wages will be arbitrated.

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ness; and it is hardly possible to describe the sensation and emotion which prevailed at the Vatican when his death was announced.

From the moment he was stricken and fell to the floor Monsignor Volpini lost entirely the power of speech and the use of the entire right side of his body, and he was apparently unconscious when he died. It has been ascertained that the cause of death was cerebral congestion.

Great care has been taken to keep the news of Monsignor Volpini's illness and death from the pope.

It will be impossible, however, to keep the news of the death of Monsignor Volpini from the pope, as the office of secretary of the Consistorial congregation, to which Pope Leo appointed the deceased prelate July 5—the last appointment made by his holiness—must be filled without delay in view of the possibility of a papal interregnum, as it is known that at the moment the pope dies the secretary of state ceases to exercise his functions, which pass to the hands of the secretary of the Consistorial congregation, whose career is from that time assured, as, according to custom, he is the first cardinal to be appointed by the new pope.

The sarcastic humor of the Romans reveals itself even at this solemn and sad moment. The remark has been heard that Pope Leo, not satisfied with having killed all the cardinals created by his predecessor, except Cardinal Orsini, and over a hundred of those created by himself, now begins to kill those to be created by his successor.

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Coast of Australia Covered with Wrecked Ships

REMARKABLE INCIDENTS

Two German Barks Yield to Terrific Storms

SAILORS MOSTLY SAVED

Other Vessels Succumbed to Warring Elements

Victoria, B. C., July 9.—The steamer Miow, which arrived this morning, brought details of many shipping disasters which occurred off the Australian coast and South sea as a result of tremendous gales which raged during June. Brief facts have been cabled of loss of the German bark Edith with Captain Ertel and eleven men on route from Puget Sound to Port Pierre with lumber, and of the damming of the German bark C. H. Wajten, both of which vessels were long overdue. The Edith struck a reef off New Caledonia and her crew left in two boats, one with Captain Ertel and eleven men and the other with the mate and eight men. The captain's boat was not seen after they left the vessel. It was provisioned for fourteen days. The other boat was at sea for eight days and the shipwrecked men suffered great privations. On the eighth day they sighted the Wajten from New York to Yokohama with a cargo of 100,000 cases of kerosene. The vessel had been caught in a furious cyclone, which rendered her almost a complete wreck. Twenty thousand cases of kerosene had been jettisoned in order to relieve her. For another 75 days the Wajten partly drifted and partly sailed with the assistance of jury masts, finally reaching an island off the coast of New Guinea, whence the Edith's crew were taken to Australia, while the Wajten's people remained with their vessel hoping to get her to Australia for repairs. The Edith broke in halves after striking the reef.

The Norwegian bark Lotus ran on a reef in the Fiji group and was a total loss. The crew were saved.

The steam schooner Harlow was wrecked on the Australian coast after losing her propeller. The crew was saved.

The French bark Admiral Cecile, which was damaged on a reef off New Caledonia and was cast adrift by the steamer St. Louis, which ran short of fuel after towing her a thousand miles, was found in a disabled condition, eighty miles off Sydney and towed to that port.

Other vessels damaged during the storm were the German bark Moana, wheat-laden from Buenos Ayres to Sydney; the West Lothian, from Tacoma for Sydney with a cargo of wheat and flour; the S. S. L. from Portland, Ore.; the James Drummond, from Fairhaven; and the Ewell and Clark barks.

The American bark Abner Palmer was long overdue from Sydney for Newcastle, and it was feared she had been lost, but she was sighted all well after the gales.

The schooner Elliston, of Sydney, was wrecked, but the crew escaped.

WIL CONSULT RUSSIA.

Mr. Riddle Will Ask if the Petition Will Be Received.

Washington, July 9.—Secretary Hay today communicated to the Jewish leaders the president's desire that they should call at Oyster Bay next Tuesday to consult respecting the disposition to be made of the Jewish petition to Russia. The secretary took occasion to emphasize the president's desire that there should be no further delay in the submission of the petition; that it will be ready next week. It is probable the course to be pursued will consider in the dispatch of cablegrams to Mr. Riddle, United States charge at St. Petersburg, directing him to inquire of the Russian government whether it is willing to receive a petition, the nature of which will be briefly outlined by Mr. Riddle and further proceedings will be governed by the Russian answer. The president is being deluged with strongly signed petitions in behalf of the Russian Jews and these are forwarded from Oyster Bay to the state department by every mail. The petitions are identical and as they are directed to the president there is no question of transmission to Russia is involved and they are being filed at the state department.

PARTIAL CONFESSION.

Negro Wanted for Four Murders Held on Suspicion.

Everett, Wash., July 9.—E. T. Oglesby, colored, wanted for the murder of four members of his race in Mississippi, made a partial confession to the chief of police of this city today. The negro was arrested here July 1 on suspicion and held on a charge of vagrancy. Photographs sent to Mississippi brought the following answer today by wire:

"You have the right man."

THOUGHT IT A JOKE.

Young Teddy Took a Short Cut Home at a Late Hour.

New York, July 9.—Theodore, Jr., the oldest son of President Roosevelt, has been reported to have a narrow escape from being captured as a murderer by the secret service agents who guard his father's home at Oyster Bay.

He had been visiting the home of a neighbor, returning to Sagamore Hill about 1 o'clock in the morning. The president and his family had gone to bed and the house was in darkness. The moon was shining brightly, but because of the dense foliage objects even at a short distance were indistinct. The young man did not come up the path, generally used by those going to the house, but took a short cut and approached from the rear. The secret service men on duty did not see him until he was almost on the steps.

"What do you want?" he demanded. "He was slow in answering and was taken

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to throw up his hands. The men covered him until they got close enough to recognize the president's son. He thought it was a good joke. However, the fact that he got so close to the house without being "picked up" by the secret service men has resulted in a change in the method of guarding the president. During some of the watches, particularly in the day time and during the early hours of the evening, only one secret service man has been on duty. After midnight two men went on and are on until after daylight, when they are relieved by the single man, who took up the day watch. Henceforth two men will be on guard at all hours of the day and night.

STUBBORN

MULES HEAR WHISTLE BUT WILL NOT BUDGE.

Result is That Train Hits Wagon, Killing Several People.

Cincinnati, July 9.—A west-bound Pennsylvania train from Columbus tonight struck a wagon containing nine people at a crossing near Redcomb Junction, eight miles from this city. Five people were killed and four injured.

THE DEAD:

OLLIE COPEHAVEN, 11 years old. GRACE LEMMICK, 11 years. CHARLES COPEHAVEN, 25 years. WILLIAM LEMMICK, 25 years. J. C. COPEHAVEN.

THE INJURED:

Albert Copenhaven, aged 14. Nellie Copenhaven, aged 8. Samuel Copenhaven, aged 3. Charles Johnson.

The injured Copenhaven children are in a critical condition. Johnson will recover.

J. C. Copenhaven, accompanied by his five children, Grace Lemmick, William Booth and Charles Johnson, neighbors of Copenhaven, were going to Madisonville, where the latter intended to purchase supplies for his boarding house, which he conducted near Redcomb Junction. On reaching the crossing they failed to observe the train and started over the track. The engineer blew his whistle, but the mules became frightened and stopped, leaving the wagon on the track. The engineer was unable to come to a stop and the train struck the wagon, completely demolishing it and tossed the occupants in all directions. Four were killed outright and the other died two hours later.

WEATHER

SIX DEATHS IN NEW YORK AND SIX IN BROOKLYN.

Two Score Prostrations From Heat Are Recorded.

New York, July 9.—There were six deaths from heat today in New York, six in Brooklyn and fully forty prostrations. It was the hottest day since July 2, 1901, when it was 90 degrees. Today it ran to 94 degrees.

News from all over the state of New York indicates severe, if not record-breaking heat conditions. Among the temperatures reported are: Saratoga, 90; Kingston, 90; Utica, 94; Schenectady, 94; Syracuse, 94.

Philadelphia, July 9.—This week experienced the hottest weather in two years today, the maximum temperature reaching 90 degrees at 5 p. m. One death, one person rendered insane and a dozen prostrations, all due to the hot weather, were reported by the police.

St. Louis, July 9.—The excessive heat continues here, the highest temperature being recorded at 94 p. m., when the weather bureau reported 97 degrees. At midnight two deaths and eight prostrations had been reported. The temperature at midnight registered 88 degrees.

Cincinnati, July 9.—This was the hottest day of the year, the thermometer registering 94 degrees. Twelve prostrations were reported, three being in a serious condition.

Chicago, July 9.—Two deaths and ten prostrations resulted from the heat today. Tonight a heavy thunderstorm sent the temperature down from 90 to 72. During the storm a number of buildings were struck by lightning and many basements in the business portions were flooded by the heavy rainfall.

One of the men injured by the lightning was in the plant of the Empire Matress company, 312 West Madison street, and during its progress four persons were caught by a falling door and narrowly escaped being burned to death. All were badly hurt, but Captain Michael Kern is the only one not assured of recovery. His spine was injured and he was also hurt internally.

NOBODY WANTED THEM.

Cornered Lima Beans and Found No Customers.

Chicago, July 9.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from San Francisco says: After losing \$4,000 in converting the Lima bean market and securing \$300,000 pounds to find nobody who wanted the beans, Lyden & Co., have assigned. The liabilities will amount to \$20,000 and the assets are estimated at \$25,000.

Pittsburg, Kan., July 9.—Speeches by Mitchell, the national president, W. D. Ryan and other prominent on the order took up the entire time of the first session of the infatuate convention of the United Mine Workers of America. The national operators met in separate conference and completed their organization, once and for all. There has been very little of any estimation of the conference joint to be held on Monday when a new wage scale will be considered.

GRIEF FOR VICTIMS

Most of the Militia Ordered to Their Homes

POLICE TO TAKE CHARGE

They Are Armed with Rifles to Protect

FUNERALS ARE MANY

Sympathy and Not Criticism the Tone of Preachers

Evansville, July 9.—After talking with Governor Durrin over the telephone this afternoon Brigadier General McKee tonight ordered all troops removed from Evansville. The Terre Haute company, left for home at 7:30 tonight and the Evansville company was relieved from duty. The Vincennes company is left in charge of the jail and court house. The four Indianapolis companies, the Martinsville company and the battery with the gaffing gun were ordered to leave for Indianapolis at midnight on a special train. The last of the troops, the Vincennes company, will leave for home tomorrow morning. The city will be left in charge of the police department which is armed with rifles. There were seven funerals today. All were conducted quietly. The ministers in one or two cases prayed for the city and county administrations and said this was not a time for criticism, but for sympathy for the friends of the dead. Two more of the wounded are pronounced by the surgeons to be in critical condition. Adam Browski and John Bee are sinking, and if they die the list of fatalities will be increased to twelve. The grand jury is taking testimony on Monday night's shooting.

Several prominent citizens were examined with reference to any connection they might have had with the looting of stores by the mob.

BODY IDENTIFIED.

No Doubt Delehanty's Body Has Been Recovered.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 9.—The body found in the river below the falls today was identified as Dr. Delehanty this afternoon as that of Ed Delehanty, the famous outfielder of the Washington American team.

The body was margined. One leg was torn off, presumably by the propeller of the Maid of the Mist, near whose landing the body was found. M. E. Green, a stockholder in the Washington club, identified the body by the teeth, two crippled fingers and the clothing. The body will be shipped to Washington.

In the sleeper on the Michigan Central train on the way down from Detroit Delehanty had five drinks of whiskey, says Conductor Cole, and he became so unsteady that he had to be put off the train at Bridgeburg, at the Canadian end of the bridge. Cole says Delehanty had an open razor and was terrifying others in the sleeper.

When the train stopped at Bridgeburg Cole did not take Delehanty over to a constable. He put him off the train. After the train had disappeared across the bridge Delehanty started to walk across, which is against the rules. The night watchman attempted to stop him, but Delehanty pushed the man to one side. The draw of the bridge had been opened for a boat, and the player plunged into the dark waters of the Niagara.

The body, when found, was nude, save for a necktie, shoes and socks. The clothes had probably been torn off in the passage of the rapids and in going over the Horseshoe Falls. The body was much bloated.

ANTI-ALCOHOL CONGRESS.

Injurious Effects of Alcohol as a Food Discussed.

Denver, Colo., July 9.—The first annual anti-alcohol congress closed a two-day session here today. Among the subjects discussed were the injurious effects of alcohol as food or medicine. Papers were read by the congress on these topics by Dr. J. P. Kellogg of Battle Creek, Mich.; Dr. E. W. N. Davis of Chicago; and Dr. D. H. Williams of Syracuse, N. Y. Resolutions were adopted urging the Christian Endeavor convention to take a forward step on the liquor question, so that it might be made the leading issue before the American people.

REBELS FLEE TO THE HILLS.

Government Bombs and Recaptures the Coast Towns.

New York, July 9.—Venezuelan gunboats arriving here, says a Herald dispatch from Port of Spain, Trinidad, confirm the news of the bombardment and recapture of Guayra and the entire Venezuelan coast along the gulf of Paria by the government forces under Vice President Gomez. The rebels after a heavy loss fled to the hills.

Algonquin, Me., July 9.—There is little change in the condition of Mrs. James G. Blaine. She may live several days.

THE WEATHER.

THERMOMETER IN WICHITA (July 9, 1903.)

7 a. m.	72.5	8 a. m.	75.0	9 a. m.	78.0
10 a. m.	80.0	11 a. m.	82.0	12 m.	85.0
1 p. m.	88.0	2 p. m.	90.0	3 p. m.	92.0
4 p. m.	94.0	5 p. m.	96.0	6 p. m.	94.0
7 p. m.	90.0	8 p. m.	88.0	9 p. m.	85.0
10 p. m.	82.0	11 p. m.	80.0	12 m.	78.0

OFFICIAL BATHMETHER.

7 a. m.	28.6	8 a. m.	29.0	9 a. m.	29.5
10 a. m.	30.0	11 a. m.	30.5	12 m.	31.0
1 p. m.	31.5	2 p. m.	32.0	3 p. m.	32.5
4 p. m.	33.0	5 p. m.	33.5	6 p. m.	33.0
7 p. m.	32.0	8 p. m.	31.5	9 p. m.	31.0
10 p. m.	30.0	11 p. m.	29.5	12 m.	29.0

MINIATURE ALMANAC (From Noon July 9.)

P. M.	7.31	A. M.	4.32
Run slow 3.30 hours. 4.30 hours 4.32			

LOCAL FORECAST.

United States Weather Bureau, Wichita, July 9.—Friday fair, with high temperatures.

WASHINGTON BULLETIN.

Washington, July 9.—Forecast for Kansas—Fair and warmer Friday and Saturday.

Oklahoma and Indian Territory—Fair Friday and Saturday.